(1) (2)	(3)	(4)
13. Madras . . .	Tamil Nadu and Pondicherry	Indian Bank Indian Overseas Bank
14. Patna . . .	Bihar	—
15. Trivandrum . .	Kerala, Mahe and Lakshadweep Islands	—
16. CRB *(Bombay) . .	—	State Bank and 7 Associate Banks

*The Recruitment Board which handles Officers' recruitment in SBI and its Associate Banks is called Central Recruitment Board (CRB).

Statement-II

Officers/Clerks selected by Banking Service Recruitment Boards for the public Sector Banks during 1988, 1989 and 1990,.

Name of BSRBs	Number of Candidates Selected (Data Provisional)					
	Officers			Clerks		
	1988	1989	1990	1988	1989	1990
Central Recruitment Board	759	567	524	Nil	Nil	Nil
Jaipur	Nil	Nil	Nil	419	854	261
Trivandrum . . .	Nil	Nil	Nil	289	233	181
Bangalore . . .	349	310	Nil	544	843	304
Guwahati . . .	39	132	9	822	Nil	416
Baroda	284	197	Nil	943	715	Under Process कार्रवाई चल रही है
Lucknow . . .	261	80	145	1782	1082	989
Hyderabad . . .	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	476	Nil
Bombay	247	214	30	Nil	488	1414
Chandigarh . . .	Nil	Nil	Nil	829	1056	Nil

[Translation]

BLACK MARKETING IN LOTTERY TICKETS

1498. SHRI GIRDHARI LAL BHARGAVA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware that the prize winning tickets of lotteries are sold in black market and black money is thus converted into white money;

(b) if so, the extent of loss suffered by the Government by this conversion of black money into white money vis-a-vis the income tax received on it; and

(c) the steps proposed to be taken by the Government in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI RAMESHWAR THAKUR): (a) to (c) The prize money in respect of the prize winning lottery ticket is received by the holder of the ticket after deduction of 40% of prize money as tax at source under the provisions of Section 194B of the Income-tax Act. Under the provisions of Section 115BB of the Income-tax

Act, where the total income of any person includes winnings from lotteries, such winnings are required to be taxed as a separate block also at the flat rate of 40%. As the Income by way of lottery winnings is taxed at the same rate at which tax is deducted at source from such winnings, there is no loss of Income-tax to the Government even in cases where the holder of the prize winning ticket is not the original purchaser of the ticket.

However, it is possible for the persons in possession of black money to convert their black money into white by paying the net amount of prize money receivable after deduction of tax at source alongwith some premium for purchasing the ticket from the original buyer of the ticket. In the absence of any evidence, it is not possible to establish that the person, to whom prize money has been paid is not the original purchaser of the ticket. However, if in the course of enquiries conducted by the Income-tax Department any evidence is available showing purchase of prize winning ticket out of unaccounted money, appropriate action is taken to bring the unaccounted income to tax.

JUDICIAL COMMISSION

1499. SHRI GIRDHARI LAL BHARGAVA : Will the Minister of LAW, JUSTICE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Government propose to constitute a Judicial Commission for appointment of judges in the Supreme Court and High Courts and for transfer of judges of the High Courts;

(b) if so, whether the composition of the said commission and procedure to be followed in this regard has been finalised;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) the time by which this Judicial Commission is likely to be set up ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW, JUSTICE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS (SHRI RANGARAJAN KUMARAMANGALAM) : (a) At present, there is no proposal to constitute a Judicial Commission for appointment of Judges in the Supreme Court and High Courts and for transfer of Judges of the High Courts.

(b) to (d) Does not arise.

JUDICIAL SYSTEM

1500. DR. MAHADEEPAK SINGH SHAKYA : Will the Minister of LAW, JUSTICE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether the judicial system of the country is complex, time consuming and expensive; and

(b) if so, the steps being taken by the Government to make it simple, accessible and expeditious ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW, JUSTICE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS (SHRI RANGARAJAN KUMARAMANGALAM : (a) and (b) The administration of justice by its very nature is a complex matter. In order to stream-line the functioning of the courts and to expedite disposal of cases, the Government entrusted the study of judicial reforms to the 11th Law Commission which, inter alia, aimed at decentralisation and improvement of the system of administration of justice including procedural reforms, speeding of appointments to the judiciary, reduction in the cost of litigation, training of judicial officers, infrastructural improvements etc. The Commission has submitted 18 Reports. A three-member Committee of Chief Justices under the Chairmanship of Shri Justice V. S. Malimath was also constituted by the Government to look into the problem of arrears in courts and it has submitted its Report. The various suggestions made by the Committee have been forwarded to all concerned Central Ministries, State Governments and the High Courts for suitable follow-up action.